

Last Name:

First Name:

NetID:

# Computer Science - Placement Exam

## Instructions

- **Duration:** 45 minutes
- Computers, calculators, phones, textbooks or notebooks are not allowed
- Please use clear indentations in your code, otherwise, grader will consider 'no indentation'.

## Question 1 - Predict the Output

The following codes **do not** have any syntax error. **Predict the printed output** obtained by running the following programs.

Program 1	Output 1
<pre>1 def fun1(): 2     print("Let's get going.") 3     return 'Great!' 4     print("Do you like it?") 5 6 def fun2(): 7     print('Where are we?') 8     fun1() 9 10 def main(): 11     fun1() 12 main()</pre>	

Program 2	Output 2
<pre>1 A = {3, 5, 6, 8} 2 B = {3, 6, 9, 12} 3 A.add(9) 4 B.add(9) 5 print(A.intersection(B)) 6 print(A.union(B))</pre>	

Program 3	Output 3
<pre>1 drinks = ['coffee', 'tea', 'orange juice'] 2 try: 3     drinks[0] = 3.5 4     drinks[1] = 4 5     print(drinks[20]) 6 except: 7     print('error') 8 else: 9     print('success') 10 finally: 11     print(drinks)</pre>	

Program 4	Output 4
<pre> 1 L1 = [3,2,1] 2 L2 = [1,2,3,4] 3 L1.insert(0,4) 4 D1 = { 'ICP': 'A' , \ 5       'Operating Systems': 'A', \ 6       'Data Structures': 'B' } 7 D2 = { 'Data Structures': 'B', \ 8       'ICP': 'A' , \ 9       'Operating Systems': 'A', \ 10      'Algorithms': 'C' } 11 del D2['Algorithms'] 12 S1 = {1,1,2,2,3,3,4} 13 S1.add(4) 14 S2 = {4,3,2,1} 15 print(L1==L2, D1==D2, S1==S2) </pre>	

Program 5	Output 5
<pre> 1 reg_guest = ['Judy2002', 'Sam2002', \ 2             'Tim2010', 'Wang2009'] 3 for g in reg_guest: 4     if '2002' in g: 5         reg_guest = reg_guest.remove(g) 6 print(reg_guest) </pre>	

## Question 2 - Boolean Conditions

Evaluate the following Boolean expressions:

- `5 ** 2 >= 20` → \_\_\_\_\_
- `'n' == 'na'` → \_\_\_\_\_
- `not True and False` → \_\_\_\_\_
- `False and True or True` → \_\_\_\_\_
- `not True or not False and True` → \_\_\_\_\_

### Question 3 - "Big" Countries

In a file named `world.txt`, there is a **list of countries with some information**. The first few lines are shown below for you to **check the format**.

world.txt (only the first 6 lines are shown)	
1	<code>country,continent,area(sq km),population,gdp</code>
2	<code>Afghanistan,Asia,652230,25500100,20343000</code>
3	<code>Albania,Europe,28748,2831741,12960000</code>
4	<code>Algeria,Africa,2381741,37100000,188681000</code>
5	<code>Andorra,Europe,468,78115,3712000</code>
6	<code>Angola,Africa,1246700,20609294,100990000</code>
<code>str</code>	<code>country,continent,area,population,gdp\nAfghanistan,Asia,652230,25500100 ...</code>

#### 3.1 Task 1 - Country Info

Write a function named `country_info` that:

- takes a filename (type: `str`) as a **parameter** (for example `'world.txt'`)
- and **returns a dictionary**.
- The dictionary format is:
  - `key` → **country name** (type: `str`)
  - `value` → **a list** (type: `list`) containing 5 items (in this order):
    1. continent (type: `str`)
    2. area in  $\text{km}^2$  (type: `int`)
    3. population (type: `int`)
    4. GDP (type: `int`)
    5. a boolean value (type: `bool`) representing if the country is defined as "big" or not

#### Definition of "big" country:

A country is "big" if it has an area of *at least 3 million  $\text{km}^2$*  OR a population of *at least 25 millions*.

Example of **returned dictionary** if one reads the **first 6 lines of the file only**:

```
{'Afghanistan': ['Asia', 652230, 25500100, 20343000, True],
 'Albania': ['Europe', 28748, 2831741, 12960000, False],
 'Algeria': ['Africa', 2381741, 37100000, 188681000, True],
 'Andorra': ['Europe', 468, 78115, 3712000, False],
 'Angola': ['Africa', 1246700, 20609294, 100990000, False]}
```

Write the `country_info` function here

### 3.2 Task 2 - "Big" Countries per continent

Write a function named `big_countries` that:

- takes a dictionary (type: `dict`) as a **parameter**
  - the format is similar to the one obtained in Task 1
- and **returns another dictionary**.
- The returned dictionary format is:
  - `key` → **continent** (type: `str`)
  - `value` → **a list of strings** (type: `list`) containing the **countries** (type: `str`) defined as "big" in that continent

Example of **returned dictionary** if one uses the **example dictionary** from previous task:

```
{'Asia': ['Afghanistan'], 'Africa': ['Algeria']}
```

Write the `big_countries` function here