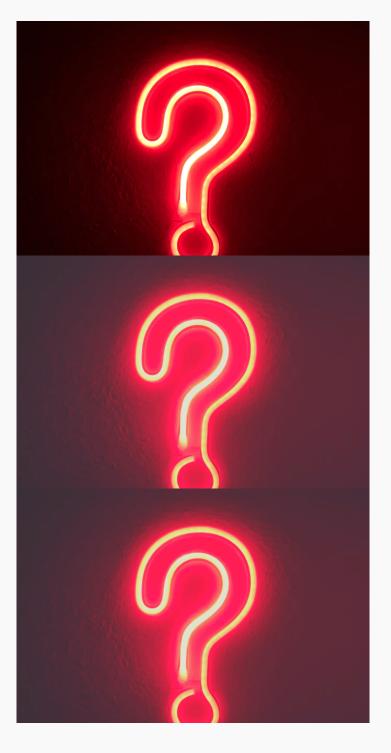
METACOGNITION

CENTER FOR TEACHING & LEARNING, NYU SHANGHAI

NOVEMBER 2020



METACOGNITIVE PROMPTS

SELF - MONITORING

POST - ENGAGEMENT REFLECTION

"Education is not the learning of facts, but training the mind to think."

- Albert Einstein

METACOGNITIVE PROMPTS

PLANNING QUESTIONS -

- 1. What is the problem?
- 2. What am I/are we trying to do here?
- 3. What do I/we know about the problem so far?
- 4. What information has been given to me/us?
- 5. How can this help me/us/others?
- 6. What is the plan?
- 7. Is there another way to do this? What would happen if . . .?
- 8. What should happen next?

MONITORING QUESTIONS -

- 1. Am I/Are we using our plan or strategy?
- 2. Do I/we need a new plan?
- 3. Do I/we need a different strategy?
- 4. Has the goal changed? If so, what is our goal now?
- 6. Am I/Are we on the right track?
- 7. Am I/Are we getting closer to my/our goal?

EVALUATING QUESTIONS -

- 1. What went well?
- 2. What didn't go so well?
- 3. What could I/we do differently next time?

REFERENCES -

Kolencik, P. L., & Hillwig, S. A. (2011). Encouraging metacognition: Supporting learners through metacognitive teaching strategies. (vol. 12) New York, NY: Peter Lang.

King, A. (1991). Effects of training in strategic questioning on children's problem-solving performance. Journal of Educational Psychology, 83, 307-317.

SELF-MONITORING

SELF-MONITORING

DESCRIPTION Students are
encouraged to take
photos during the
community
engagement & later
reflect on their
experience to
document their
thinking and feelings.





SELF-MONITORING QUESTIONS -

- 1. How did this experience make me feel?
- 2. What did this experience make me think?
- 3. How has my thinking/opinions/ideas changed as a result of this experience?
- 4. What did I learn about myself?
- 5. What did I learn about others?
- 6. Were any stereotypes challenged?
- 7. What went well?
- 8. What could go better next time?

REFERENCE -

LaVaque-Manty, M., & Evans, E.M. (2013). Implementing metacognitive interventions in disciplinary writing classes. In M. Kaplan, N. Silver, D. Lavaque-Manty, & D. Meizlish (Eds.), Using reflection and metacognition to improve student learning (pp. 122-146). Sterling, VA: Stylus Publishing.

POST-ENGAGEMENT REFLECTION

POST-ENGAGEMENT REFLECTION

DESCRIPTION Students are
encouraged to reflect
on their preparation,
performance & how
they plan to prepare for
next time.



QUESTIONS -

- 1. How did I prepare for this experience?
- 2. In retrospect, was I well prepared? If yes, explain. If not, why not?
- 3. What can/will I do differently to prepare for my next engagement?

REFERENCE -

Lovett, M.C. (2013). Make exams worth more than the grade: Using exam wrappers to promote metacognition. In M. Kaplan, N. Silver, D. Lavaque–Manty, & D. Meizlish (Eds.), Using reflection and metacognition to improve student learning (pp. 18-41). Sterling, VA: Stylus Publishing.